

Normas, deberes y consejos en inglés

Inglés 2.º ESO · Ejercicios

Nombre: _____ Fecha: _____ Grupo: _____

Nivel: 2.º ESO (LOMLOE, RD 217/2022, referencia MCER A2) · **Referencia oficial:** RD 217/2022 2.º ESO, Nivel de referencia MCER A2, RD 217/2022 CE2 Producción, RD 217/2022 CE3 Interacción, RD 217/2022 CE6 Interculturalidad

Ejercicio 1 Señales y normas (fácil)

Elige must o mustn't para completar cada norma.

Safety glasses

No food

No running

Señales del laboratorio de ciencias.

1. You ___ run in the corridor.
2. Visitors ___ sign in at the desk.
3. Students ___ eat in the lab.
4. We ___ wear safety glasses in chemistry.
5. You ___ shout in the library.

Ejercicio 2 Obligaciones del día (fácil)

Completa con have to o has to.

1. Mateo ___ get up at 6:30 on school days.
2. We ___ wear a uniform in Cork.
3. Lucía ___ walk her dog before breakfast.
4. My cousins ___ catch two buses to school.
5. The goalkeeper ___ wear gloves.
6. I ___ finish this project by Friday.

Ejercicio 3 No es necesario (fácil)

Completa con don't have to o doesn't have to.

1. It's Saturday, so we ___ go to school.
2. Ximena ___ take the bus; her school is next door.
3. You ___ bring a pen; I have spare ones.

4. Joaquín ___ cook tonight because his dad is home.
5. They ___ pay to enter the museum on Sundays.

Ejercicio 4 Consejos entre amigos (fácil)

Completa con should o shouldn't.

1. You look tired. You ___ go to bed earlier.
2. Valentina has a cold. She ___ go out without a coat.
3. We ___ drink more water in summer.
4. You ___ stay up all night before an exam.
5. Santiago ___ practise the guitar every day if he wants to improve.

Ejercicio 5 Une la norma con el lugar (fácil)

Une cada norma (1-5) con el lugar donde se da (A-E).

1. You must switch off your phone.
2. You mustn't run.
3. You must show your passport.
4. You must keep quiet.
5. You must wear safety glasses.

A. the swimming pool · B. the library · C. the airport · D. the exam room · E. the science lab

Ejercicio 6 Ordena las palabras (fácil)

Ordena las palabras para formar una frase correcta.

1. must / the / You / doors / close
2. don't / on / have / Sundays / to / get up / early / I
3. should / vegetables / eat / more / You
4. mustn't / lab / in / the / drink / We
5. does / to / Mateo / help / have / at home / ?

Ejercicio 7 Traduce al inglés (fácil)

Traduce las frases al inglés.

1. No debes tocar el cable.
2. Tengo que estudiar esta tarde.
3. No tienes que venir.
4. Deberías llamar a tu abuela.
5. Los alumnos deben llegar a las ocho.

Ejercicio 8 Corrige el error (medio)

Cada frase tiene un error. Escríbela correctamente.

1. She must to wear a helmet.
2. He have to leave now.
3. You mustn't pay; it's free. (quiero decir que no hace falta pagar)
4. Do I must sign here?
5. We don't should shout.
6. They doesn't have to wear a tie.

Ejercicio 9 Mustn't o don't have to (medio)

Elige la opción correcta según el significado.

1. You (mustn't / don't have to) touch the painting; it's an original.
2. You (mustn't / don't have to) wear a suit; jeans are fine.
3. Passengers (mustn't / don't have to) leave bags alone.
4. At our school we (mustn't / don't have to) bring lunch; the canteen is open.
5. You (mustn't / don't have to) use your phone while driving.
6. Lucía (mustn't / doesn't have to) get up early on holidays.

Ejercicio 10 Reescribe con have to (medio)

Reescribe cada frase con have to o has to sin cambiar el significado.

1. Students must hand in the essay on Monday.
2. Ximena must take two buses.
3. It isn't necessary for you to book.
4. Is it necessary for Joaquín to wear a tie?
5. We must leave at nine.

Ejercicio 11 Preguntas para cada respuesta (medio)

Escribe la pregunta con Do o Does + have to que corresponde a cada respuesta.

1. ___? — Yes, I do. I wear a uniform every day.
2. ___? — No, she doesn't. Valentina walks to school. (el autobús)
3. ___? — Yes, we do. Classes start at 8:15. (llegar a las 8:15)
4. ___? — No, they don't. The museum is free. (pagar)

Ejercicio 12 Traduce al español (medio)

Traduce las frases al español.

1. You mustn't take photos in the theatre.
2. My brother doesn't have to share a room now.
3. You should see a dentist.
4. Do we have to bring our passports?
5. Cyclists must wear a helmet in some cities.

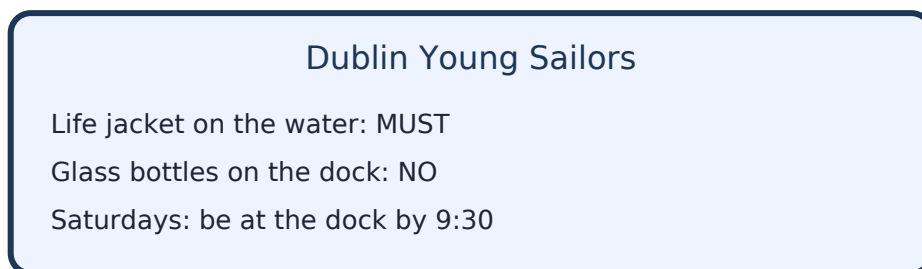
Ejercicio 13 Obligaciones en pasado (medio)

Completa con had to, didn't have to o Did ... have to. Recuerda que must no tiene pasado.

1. Yesterday I ___ tidy my room.
2. Last year Mateo ___ wear a uniform.
3. We ___ wait an hour at the airport.
4. ___ you ___ take an exam in June?
5. She ___ pay for the ticket.

Ejercicio 14 Comprensión: el club de vela (medio)

Lee el cartel y responde en inglés.



Cartel del muelle.

Members of the club have to wear a life jacket on the water. They mustn't bring glass bottles to the dock. They don't have to bring their own boat, because the club has twelve. Beginners should start with the small boats.

1. Do members need their own boat?
2. What must you wear on the water?
3. What time do you have to be at the dock on Saturdays?
4. What should beginners do?

Ejercicio 15 Consejos para cada problema (medio)

Escribe un consejo con should o shouldn't para cada situación.

1. Santiago is nervous before his oral exam.
2. Your cousin has a toothache.
3. Two friends are always late for the bus.
4. Valentina has a headache after looking at a screen all day.

Ejercicio 16 Comprensión: un instituto de Galway (difícil)

Lee el texto y responde en inglés.

Aoife is fourteen and lives in Galway. Her school has a strict uniform: students have to wear a navy jumper and a tie. They mustn't wear trainers, but they can wear black shoes. On Fridays, pupils don't have to wear the tie. Aoife thinks the phone rule is fair: students must leave their phones in a locker until the last bell. "You should visit us," she told her Spanish pen friend Lucía.

1. Name two things students have to wear.
2. What mustn't students wear?
3. When don't pupils have to wear the tie?
4. Where must phones be during lessons?
5. Escribe en inglés una norma de tu instituto que sea distinta de las de Aoife.

Ejercicio 17 Mediación: normas en Toronto (difícil)

Tu amigo Mateo va a casa de unos abuelos en Toronto y solo habla español. Explícale en inglés, a la abuela, este mensaje usando tres verbos distintos (have to, mustn't, don't have to o should): "En esta casa hay que quitarse los zapatos al entrar. No se puede comer en el salón. No hace falta ayudar a cocinar, pero conviene saludar a todos."

Ejercicio 18 Escribe tus normas (difícil)

Escribe cinco frases sobre las normas de tu instituto o de tu casa. Usa una vez cada una de estas formas: must, mustn't, have to, don't have to y should.

Ejercicio 19 Diálogo con la familia de acogida (difícil)

Mateo está en Cork con su familia de acogida. Completa el diálogo con must, have to, don't have to o should.

Mrs Byrne: Dinner is at six. You (a) ___ be on time, because we always eat together.

Mateo: Of course. Do I (b) ___ help with the dishes?

Mrs Byrne: No, you (c) ___, but it's nice to offer.

Mateo: Do you think I (d) ___ take an umbrella to school?

Mrs Byrne: Yes, you (e) ___! It rains a lot in Cork.

Ejercicio 20 Comparar dos institutos (difícil)

Escribe cuatro frases en inglés que comparen una norma de tu instituto con una de un instituto de Irlanda o del Reino Unido (uniforme, móvil, horarios, comedor...). Usa al menos have to, don't have to y mustn't.