

Unir ideas con who, which y whose

Inglés B1 - Intermedio · Ejercicios

Nombre: _____ Fecha: _____ Grupo: _____

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Ejercicio 1 elige who o which (fácil)

Elige el pronombre correcto.

- The nurse (who / which) treated my wrist was very gentle.
- The app (who / which) tracks my steps is free.
- Is that the man (who / which) sold you the bike?
- The train (who / which) leaves at 6:15 is express.
- Kai is the colleague (who / which) trains new staff.
- I lost the notebook (who / which) had all my phone numbers.

Ejercicio 2 elige where, when o whose (fácil)

Completa con where, when o whose.

- That's the park ___ we play baseball on Sundays.
- I'll never forget the summer ___ we lived in Cork.
- She is the singer ___ voice I love.
- The hotel ___ we stayed had a rooftop pool.
- Tuesday is the day ___ the market is open.
- He's a teacher ___ students always get good marks.

Ejercicio 3 completa con who, which o that (fácil)

Completa. Si son posibles dos pronombres, escribe los dos.

- The book ___ I borrowed from you was funny.
- Is there anyone here ___ speaks Portuguese?
- The email ___ arrived at noon was from HR.
- Lucía is the person ___ organized the party.
- The pizza ___ you ordered is cold.

Ejercicio 4 une las dos mitades (fácil)

Une cada principio (1-5) con su final (a-e).

1. I met a man whose
 2. This is the street where
 3. Do you remember the day when
 4. She bought a laptop which
 5. The tourists who
- a. arrived late missed the ferry.
 - b. I first met my husband.
 - c. cost half the price of mine.
 - d. dog can open doors.
 - e. we got lost in Toronto?

Ejercicio 5 traduce al español (fácil)

Traduce al español.

- a. The neighbor whose car is blocking the gate is out of town.
- b. That's the shop where I bought my backpack.
- c. My cousin, who lives in Tucson, is visiting next week.
- d. The report that you sent me had no numbers.

Ejercicio 6 ¿se puede omitir el pronombre? (fácil)

Escribe sí o no: ¿se puede omitir el pronombre entre paréntesis?

- a. The dress (that) she wore was blue.
- b. The woman (who) lives upstairs is a pilot.
- c. The café (which) we visited was tiny.
- d. The driver (who) took us to the airport was late.
- e. The film (that) Ximena recommended is long.

Ejercicio 7 corrige el error (fácil)

Corrige el error de cada frase.

- a. The man who he repaired my bike is my neighbor.
- b. This is the restaurant where we ate there.
- c. My sister, that lives in Austin, is a vet.
- d. She is the girl who's father is a pilot.
- e. The film what I saw was great.

Ejercicio 8 une dos frases (medio)

Une las dos frases en una con un pronombre relativo.

- a. I know a lawyer. She speaks Arabic.
- b. We rented a car. It was very small.
- c. That's the boy. His bike was stolen.
- d. Here is the town. I grew up there.
- e. Sunday is the day. We rest then.

Ejercicio 9 relativas con comas (medio)

Une las frases con una relativa explicativa entre comas.

- a. Mr Brooks is my English teacher. He lives in Leeds.
- b. The Louvre receives millions of visitors. It is in Paris.
- c. My grandmother is ninety. She still swims every morning.
- d. Cape Town is a beautiful city. We spent our honeymoon there.

Ejercicio 10 completa con whose y un nombre (medio)

Completa con whose y uno de estos nombres: phone, parents, wallet, flight.

- a. The passenger ___ was stolen called the police.
- b. Mateo, ___ were born in Lima, now lives in Seville.
- c. The customer ___ was cancelled wants a refund.
- d. I don't know the man ___ is ringing in the cinema.

Ejercicio 11 traduce al inglés (medio)

Traduce al inglés con una oración de relativo.

- a. La chica que atendió el teléfono se llama Elena.
- b. La ciudad donde nació mi padre está en la costa.
- c. El libro que me prestaste es excelente.
- d. Mi jefe, cuyo hijo estudia en Dublín, viaja mucho.
- e. Recuerdo el día en que nos conocimos.

Ejercicio 12 omite el pronombre si puedes (medio)

Reescribe cada frase sin el pronombre relativo. Si no es posible, escribe «no se puede».

- a. The song that she sang was beautiful.
- b. The man who fixed my laptop is cheap.
- c. The people whom we met in Boston were friendly.
- d. This is the shop which sells fresh bread.
- e. The photo that you took is blurry.

Ejercicio 13 describe a las personas de la imagen (medio)

Escribe una frase en inglés sobre cada persona con who o whose. Ejemplo: Hana is the technician who repairs the printers.



Sales team - 2nd floor

Hana repara impresoras, Idris habla árabe y francés, y la oficina de Noor tiene ventana.

Ejercicio 14 comprensión: un anuncio de habitación (medio)

Lee el anuncio y responde en español.

Room to rent in Edinburgh. The flat, which is on the third floor, has a view of the castle. The street where it stands is quiet, and the bus that goes to the center stops at the corner. The landlord, whose name is Mr Douglas, lives in the flat below. We are looking for someone who doesn't smoke and who likes cats.

1. ¿Qué ventaja tiene el piso?
2. ¿Dónde vive el casero?
3. ¿Qué tipo de inquilino buscan?
4. Copia una oración de relativo con comas.

Ejercicio 15 preposición al final (medio)

Reescribe cada frase sin pronombre relativo y con la preposición al final. Ejemplo: The company for which she works is huge. → The company she works for is huge.

- a. The hotel in which we stayed was cheap.
- b. The woman to whom I spoke was kind.
- c. The tool with which he opened the box was a coin.
- d. The friend about whom I told you is coming.

Ejercicio 16 corrige el párrafo (difícil)

Hay cuatro errores. Escribe el párrafo corregido.

My uncle, that lives in Seattle, has a dog which name is Pixel. Last summer we visited the lake where he goes there every weekend. It is a place who everyone loves.

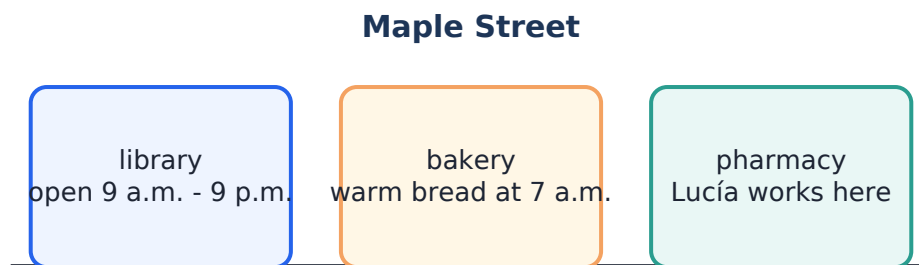
Ejercicio 17 mediación: bienvenida al hotel (difícil)

Un huésped estadounidense no habla español. Explícale en inglés, con tres frases con oraciones de relativo, este mensaje.

«Bienvenidos al hotel Casa Jacaranda. El restaurante, que abre a las siete, está en la planta baja. La habitación donde se alojarán tiene vistas al jardín. Si necesitan un taxi, hablen con la recepcionista, cuyo nombre es Marisol.»

Ejercicio 18 describe la calle (difícil)

Mira la calle y escribe tres frases en inglés: una con where, una con which entre comas y una con who o whose.



Maple Street: la biblioteca abre de 9 a 21 h, la panadería hornea a las 7 y Lucía trabaja en la farmacia.

Ejercicio 19 une varias frases (difícil)

Une las frases en una sola con oraciones de relativo.

- a. I have a friend. She works in Monterrey. She is an architect.
- b. We visited a museum. It was founded in 1920. It has a famous mural.
- c. My neighbor has a parrot. Its name is Churro.
- d. Mr Singh is our landlord. We pay the rent to him.

Ejercicio 20 escritura: mi amigo y su lugar favorito (difícil)

Escribe entre 50 y 60 palabras en inglés sobre un amigo y su lugar favorito. Usa al menos cuatro oraciones de relativo y una de ellas con comas.