

Probabilidad y pasado con modales avanzados

Inglés C1 – Avanzado · Ejercicios

Nombre: _____ Fecha: _____ Grupo: _____

Nivel: Inglés C1 (MCER, avanzado) · **Referencia oficial:** MCER C1 (Volumen complementario 2020), MCER C1 Expresión oral

Ejercicio 1 Elige la opción correcta (fácil)

Elige la opción correcta.

- Friday evening traffic in Leeds is (bound / bound to / bound for) be heavy.
- Ximena is (likely / likely to / probably to) win the debate.
- You (may well / may be well / may good) be right.
- She is (unlikely / unlikely / not unlikely) to refuse.

Ejercicio 2 Completa con la estructura (fácil)

Completa con *bound to*, *likely to* o *may well*.

Heavy snow in Edinburgh: roads closed from 6 p.m.

- The flight is ___ be cancelled (casi seguro).
- The library is ___ open in March (probable).

Los dos primeros apartados.

- It ___ be the best café in Bogotá. (muy posible)
- Mateo is ___ forget his charger; he always does. (casi seguro)

Ejercicio 3 Traduce al inglés (fácil)

Traduce al inglés.

- Es muy probable que llueva mañana.
- Seguro que llegará tarde.
- Bien podría ser verdad.
- Es poco probable que cancelen el concierto.

Ejercicio 4 Ordena las palabras (fácil)

Ordena las palabras.

- a. is / bound / to / the / lift / be / broken
- b. may / well / be / he / right
- c. likely / not / is / to / she / be / late
- d. unlikely / is / he / to / apologise

Ejercicio 5 Modal de pasado (medio)

Elige el modal correcto.

- a. Ana's lights were off, so she (can't have / needn't have) been at home.
- b. I brought an umbrella, but it was sunny. I (should have / needn't have) brought it.
- c. The exam was today! You (should have / must have) studied last night.
- d. They arrived at midnight; the bus (must have / needn't have) been delayed.

Ejercicio 6 Would have been able to (medio)

Completa con *would have been able to* y el verbo entre paréntesis.

- a. If I had had your number, I ___ you. (call)
- b. With more time, we ___ the castle. (visit)
- c. She ___ if the printer had worked. (finish)
- d. They ___ if you had told them. (come)

Ejercicio 7 Reescribe con may well (medio)

Reescribe con *may well*.

- a. Perhaps it is the best solution, and I wouldn't be surprised.
- b. It's quite possible that the shop will close.
- c. Perhaps she'll refuse, and I wouldn't be surprised.

Ejercicio 8 Reescribe con bound to (medio)

Reescribe con *bound to*.

- a. I'm sure the meeting will run late.
- b. It's certain that prices will rise.
- c. I'm sure you will like the film.
- d. It's inevitable that he'll forget.

Ejercicio 9 Corrige el error (medio)

Corrige el error de cada frase.

- a. It is bound rain tomorrow.

- b. She is likely win.
- c. You may be well right.
- d. I would have been able to went with you.

Ejercicio 10 **Needn't have o didn't need to** (medio)

Completa con *needn't have* + participio o *didn't need to* + infinitivo.

- a. I ___ a coat — it was warm, but I took one anyway. (take)
- b. I ___ a coat — it was warm, so I left it at home. (take)
- c. You ___ so much food; nobody ate it. (cook)
- d. Visitors ___ a ticket on Sundays; entry was free. (buy)

Ejercicio 11 **Traduce el pasado** (medio)

Traduce al inglés.

- a. No puede haber sido Dan; estaba en Dublín.
- b. Podrías haberme avisado.
- c. No hacía falta que trajeras vino (pero lo trajiste).
- d. Deberían haber llegado ya.

Ejercicio 12 **Mediación en inglés** (medio)

Explica en inglés a un colega de Melbourne cada mensaje.

- a. Tu jefa: «El informe seguramente se retrasará, pero todavía podríamos entregarlo el jueves.»
- b. Valentina: «No es probable que abran la sala antes de las nueve; si hubieras llamado, habrías podido reservar.»

Ejercicio 13 **Texto con huecos** (medio)

Completa cada hueco con una sola palabra.

Valentina is bound (1) ___ be nervous before her interview in Toronto, but she is likely (2) ___ impress the panel: she has prepared for weeks. She (3) ___ well arrive early, because she left home at six. Had she known the route, she would have been (4) ___ to walk. She needn't (5) ___ taken so many documents, but better safe than sorry. The forecast is unlikely (6) ___ change.

Ejercicio 14 **Lectura: un programa** (medio)

Lee el aviso y responde en inglés.

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Delegates are bound to disclose conflicts of interest.

The keynote may well run over; breakfast sessions are likely to be crowded. Late arrivals are unlikely to get a place in the first workshop round.

Aviso del congreso.

- a. What must delegates do?
- b. What may happen to the keynote?
- c. Who is unlikely to get a place?
- d. Why would early registrants have been able to choose?

Ejercicio 15 Une las equivalencias (medio)

Une cada frase inglesa (1-4) con su significado (a-d).

1. He is bound to win. · 2. He may well win. · 3. He is likely to win. · 4. He is unlikely to win.
- a. Es improbable que gane.
 - b. Seguro que gana.
 - c. Bien podría ganar.
 - d. Es probable que gane.

Ejercicio 16 Reescribe con un modal de pasado (difícil)

Reescribe con un modal de pasado, sin cambiar el sentido.

- a. I'm certain Joaquín didn't see the message; he'd have replied.
- b. It was a mistake not to take the earlier train.
- c. Perhaps they got lost.
- d. It was not necessary for you to wait, but you waited.

Ejercicio 17 Condicional con **would have been able to** (difícil)

Une las dos ideas en una frase con *if + would have been able to*.

- a. I didn't have a visa, so I couldn't go to Austin.
- b. The shop closed early; Lucía couldn't buy the gift.
- c. There was no signal, so we couldn't check the map.

Ejercicio 18 Cuatro errores finales (difícil)

Corrige el error de cada frase.

- a. He is bound being late again.
- b. You could have went earlier.
- c. I needn't to have called.
- d. He would have been able to helped us.

Ejercicio 19 Traduce al inglés (3) (difícil)

Traduce al inglés.

- a. Seguramente nos pedirán más datos, pero es poco probable que rechacen la solicitud.
- b. Habríamos podido llegar a tiempo si hubiéramos salido antes.
- c. Bien podría ser que no lo supieran.
- d. Ya deberían estar en casa; seguramente han tomado un atajo.

Ejercicio 20 Escritura guiada (difícil)

Escribe un correo de 60-80 palabras en inglés a tu jefe sobre un posible retraso de un proyecto. Usa al menos cinco estructuras: *bound to*, *likely to*, *unlikely to*, *may well*, *would have been able to*, un modal de pasado.