

Corrigé écrire un récit

Corrigé des exercices - niveau 4e

Retrouve ici le corrigé écrire un récit, réponse par réponse. Les explications rappellent pourquoi on choisit tel temps ou tel connecteur, et la dernière correction te propose une histoire complète à imiter.

Ce corrigé est à **télécharger en PDF et à imprimer gratuitement** : le bouton se trouve en bas de la page, sans inscription.

La correction détaillée

Corrigé écrire un récit : réponses et explications

Correction de l'exercice 1 : Les verbes irréguliers

1. go : **went**
2. see : **saw**
3. hear : **heard**
4. fall : **fell**
5. catch : **caught**
6. feel : **felt**
7. leave : **left**
8. find : **found**

Correction de l'exercice 2 : Le récit avance

1. We **arrived** at the campsite at six.
2. My dad **put** up the tent. (put est identique au prétérit)
3. Then we **made** a fire.
4. I **didn't sleep** well that night.
5. **Did** you **hear** the owl? (base verbale après did)
6. In the morning, we **swam** in the lake.

Corrigés des exercices 3 à 5

Correction de l'exercice 3 : Décor ou action ?

1. It **was snowing** when we **left** the house. (décor, puis action)
2. While Emma **was reading**, the phone **rang**. (action en cours interrompue)

3. The birds **were singing** and the sun **was shining**. (deux éléments de décor)
4. I **dropped** my bag and **ran** away. (actions successives)
5. We **were having** dinner when the lights **went** out.
6. He **opened** the letter, **read** it and **smiled**. (trois actions qui se suivent)

Correction de l'exercice 4 : Le bon connecteur

1. **One day**, a strange letter arrived at our house.
2. I opened it. **Then** I read it again, very slowly.
3. **While** I was reading, my sister came in.
4. **Suddenly**, we heard footsteps upstairs.
5. **As soon as** we saw the shadow, we hid under the table.
6. **Luckily**, it was only our cat!
7. **In the end**, we laughed about it for hours.

Corrigés des exercices 5 à 7

Correction de l'exercice 5 : Remets l'histoire dans l'ordre

Ordre : **2 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 1 - 3**.

1. **Last summer, Tom and I rented a small boat in Cornwall.** (situation initiale)
2. **At first, the sea was calm and we were having fun.**
3. **Suddenly, the engine stopped and the wind started to blow.** (problème)
4. **We were really scared because we were far from the coast.**
5. **Luckily, a fisherman saw us and towed us back to the harbour.** (résolution)
6. **In the end, we were tired but very proud of our adventure.** (fin)

Correction de l'exercice 6 : Les émotions

1. **thrilled**
2. **disappointed**
3. **terrified**
4. **relieved**
5. **amazed**
6. **nervous**

Corrigés des exercices 7 à 9

Correction de l'exercice 7 : Questions sur l'histoire

1. **Where did they go?**
2. **What did she see?**
3. **When did you leave?**
4. **Who found the treasure?** Pas de did : who est sujet.

5. **Why was he scared?** Avec be, on inverse sans did.

Correction de l'exercice 8 : Corrige l'erreur

1. Yesterday, I **went** to the beach.
2. We didn't **find** the path.
3. While I **was walking** in the forest, I heard a noise.
4. Did you **see** the fox?
5. **After that** (ou Afterwards), we went home.
6. I was very **relieved** when I saw my parents.
7. Eventually signifie « finalement » : **Maybe we will go to London next week.**

Corrigés des exercices 9 à 11

Correction de l'exercice 9 : Traduis en anglais

1. **One day, we went to the seaside.**
2. **It was raining and the wind was blowing.**
3. **Suddenly, I saw a shadow.**
4. **My heart was beating fast.**
5. **Luckily, my brother arrived.**
6. **In the end, we were relieved.**

Correction de l'exercice 10 : Lis le récit

1. **They were in Edinburgh, visiting the castle with their class.**
2. **The guide was talking about Mary, Queen of Scots.**
3. **It was dark and cold, and water was dripping from the walls.**
4. **The door slammed behind them.**
5. **Ben was terrified.**
6. **She used her phone as a torch.**
7. **No, she wasn't: « Their teacher was furious ».**

Corrigés des exercices 11

Correction de l'exercice 11 : Écris la suite

Exemple de réponse modèle :

1. **Suddenly, all the lights went out.**
2. **My heart was beating fast and my hands were shaking.**
3. **Then I took a torch and went into the kitchen.**
4. **The rain was hitting the windows and the wind was howling.**
5. **While I was looking for candles, someone knocked on the door.**
6. **Luckily, it was only my neighbour, who wanted to check on me.**

7. **In the end, we drank hot chocolate together and I felt relieved.**

Correction de l'exercice 12 : Les verbes réguliers

1. walk : **walked**
2. stop : **stopped**
3. carry : **carried**
4. plan : **planned**
5. study : **studied**
6. enjoy : **enjoyed**
7. drop : **dropped**
8. hurry : **hurried**

Règles : consonne + y devient -ied ; une voyelle courte + une consonne double la consonne (stop → stopped) ; voyelle + y garde le y (enjoy → enjoyed).

Correction de l'exercice 13 : Past simple ou past continuous ?

1. While I **was walking** home, I **saw** a strange light.
2. Tom **was sleeping** when the phone **rang**.
3. It **was raining** when we **left** the house.
4. As she **was opening** the door, she **heard** a noise.
5. They **were playing** cards when the lights **went** out.
6. The wind **was blowing** and the trees **were shaking**.

L'action longue, en cours, est au past continuous ; l'action courte qui l'interrompt est au past simple.

Correction de l'exercice 14 : La forme négative

1. He **didn't open** the box.
2. They **didn't see** a ghost.
3. She **didn't find** the key.
4. We **didn't hear** a scream.
5. I **didn't run** home.
6. The dog **didn't bark**.

Après *didn't*, le verbe revient à la base verbale : pas de -ed ni de forme irrégulière.

Correction de l'exercice 15 : Pose la question

1. **Where did they meet?**
2. **What time did she leave?**
3. **Who found the map?**
4. **What did he take?**

5. **Why did they run away?**
6. **How did the thief escape?**

Piège : quand on interroge le sujet (Who found...?), on n'utilise pas *did*.

Correction de l'exercice 16 : Observe l'image

1. It **was raining** (a rainy night).
2. He **was holding a torch**.
3. There **was an old house** in front of him.
4. **Yes, there was.** A light was on in one window.
5. **The moon** was in the sky.

Correction de l'exercice 17 : Les adverbes de manière

1. **Suddenly**, the door opened by itself.
2. He walked **quietly** down the stairs...
3. He held the vase **carefully**...
4. ...they **finally** found the treasure.
5. "Go away!" she shouted **angrily**.
6. The old man walked **slowly**...

Correction de l'exercice 18 : Ponctue le dialogue

1. "Where are you going?" asked Mum.
2. "I am going to the park," said Ben.
3. "Wait for me!" shouted Anna.
4. "I can't find my keys," said Dad.
5. "What a lovely day!" said Grandma.

La ponctuation (virgule, ? ou !) se place avant les guillemets fermants.

Correction de l'exercice 19 : Relie les phrases

1. **As soon as we arrived, it started to rain.**
2. **She went to bed early because she was tired.**
3. **Tom made breakfast while his sister was sleeping.**
4. **After I finished my homework, I watched TV.**
5. **They looked everywhere but they didn't find the cat.**
6. **It was dark, so he switched on the torch.**

D'autres ordres sont possibles, par exemple : *Because she was tired, she went to bed early.*

Correction de l'exercice 20 : Raconte l'histoire en images

Exemple de réponse

One Friday evening, Ben was walking in the forest when he found a dark cave. He was a little afraid, but he went in with his torch. Suddenly, he saw something shiny on the ground: it was a golden key! He picked it up carefully. Then he found a wooden door at the back of the cave. He turned the key and the door opened slowly. Inside, there was an old box. Ben opened it, but it was empty. There was only a small note: "The real treasure is your courage." Ben smiled and went home.

Comment progresser après ce corrigé

Relis tes récits en trois passages : un pour les verbes (prétérit correct, base verbale après did), un pour les connecteurs (pas deux fois le même), un pour les détails (au moins un lieu décrit et une émotion montrée). Tiens aussi une liste de tes verbes irréguliers fautifs et révise-la chaque semaine : c'est là que se cachent la plupart des points perdus.

[Retour aux énoncés des exercices](#)