

Corrigé used to et be used to

Corrigé des exercices - niveau Terminale

Ce corrigé used to, be used to et get used to donne la réponse de chaque item dans l'ordre, et rappelle la règle de construction chaque fois qu'elle décide du bon choix.

Ce corrigé est à **télécharger en PDF et à imprimer gratuitement** : le bouton se trouve en bas de la page, sans inscription.

Corrigé used to et be used to : la correction détaillée

Correction de l'exercice 1 : Identifier le sens

1. **A**
2. **B**
3. **C**
4. **A**
5. **B** (à la forme négative)
6. **C** (adaptation passée, terminée)

Correction de l'exercice 2 : Base verbale ou V-ing ?

1. I used to **live** in Dublin.
2. I'm used to **living** in a big city.
3. She can't get used to **wearing** a uniform.
4. We didn't use to **have** a car.
5. He was used to **cooking** for himself.
6. Did you use to **play** rugby at school?

Corrigé de l'exercice 3 : Négatif et interrogatif

1. **She didn't use to believe in Santa Claus. / Did she use to believe in Santa Claus?**
2. **They didn't use to go camping every summer. / Did they use to go camping every summer?**
3. **He didn't use to be shy. / Did he use to be shy?**
4. **You didn't use to walk to school. / Did you use to walk to school?**
5. **Your parents didn't use to argue. / Did your parents use to argue?**

Corrigé used to : partie 2

Correction de l'exercice 4 : Choisir l'expression

1. **used to**
2. **are used to**
3. **get used to**
4. **used to**
5. **get used to**
6. I **am** not **used to** eating dinner so early.

Correction de l'exercice 5 : Would ou used to ?

1. **W** : action répétée (would ou used to).
2. **U** : have = posséder, c'est un état.
3. **U** : live est un état.
4. **W** : action répétée.
5. **U** : be est un état.
6. **W** : action répétée.

Corrigé de l'exercice 6 : Transformer

1. **People used to travel by horse.**
2. **I am used to the heat. / I'm used to living in the heat.**
3. **I am getting used to living alone.**
4. **This building used to be a factory.**
5. **He isn't used to getting up at 5 a.m.**

Corrigé used to : partie 3

Correction de l'exercice 7 : Corriger les erreurs

1. I am used to **getting up** early.
2. She **used to** play the piano every day.
3. Did you **use to** live here?
4. I **used to have** a red bike when I was ten. (état : pas de would)
5. He can't get used to **driving** on the left.
6. We used to **go** to the beach every summer.

Correction de l'exercice 8 : Traduction FR → EN

1. **I used to wear glasses.**
2. **I'm used to working under pressure.**
3. **She can't get used to the climate. / She isn't getting used to the climate.**
4. **There used to be a church here.**
5. **You'll get used to living in the city.**

6. Did you use to play football when you were little?

Corrigé used to : partie 4

Correction de l'exercice 9 : Traduction EN → FR

1. **Nous n'étions pas habitués à un tel luxe.**
2. **Avant, il ne se plaignait jamais.**
3. **Ce logiciel sert à monter des vidéos.** (passif de use + to de but)
4. **Chaque Noël, mon oncle se déguisait en père Noël.**
5. **Je ne m'habituerai jamais à l'obscurité des hivers écossais.**

Correction de l'exercice 10 : Un Écossais à Lyon

1. **He used to drive on the left.**
2. **No, he is used to driving on the right now.**
3. **He used to have dinner at six.**
4. **No, he isn't used to having dinner at nine yet, but he is getting used to it.**
5. **No, he didn't use to eat cheese after the main course.**
6. **He is still getting used to having dinner late.**

Corrigé used to : partie 5

Correction de l'exercice 11 : Production guidée

Paragraphe modèle :

1. **Before high school, I used to walk to school and I used to finish at four.**
2. **Every Wednesday, my friends and I would play football in the park.**
3. **Now I'm used to taking the bus at seven.**
4. **I'm still getting used to having so much homework.**
5. **I'm not used to working on a computer for hours.**

Correction de l'exercice 12 : Choisir le temps

1. **driving** – après *to* préposition, on met le verbe en -ing.
2. **used to have** – habitude passée révolue.
3. **will get used to** – futur : l'adaptation viendra.
4. **isn't used to** – il n'a pas encore l'habitude.
5. **used to be** – état passé révolu (jamais *would* ici).
6. **had all got used to** – plus-que-parfait : l'adaptation était terminée à ce moment-là.

Correction de l'exercice 13 : Un mineur à la retraite

1. **He worked there for forty years.**
2. **False** – « I never really got used to the dark ».
3. **They would sing.** (habitude passée)
4. **It closed.**
5. **He is still not used to being asked questions by tourists.**

Correction de l'exercice 14 : Avant et aujourd'hui

1. **There used to be a bakery, but now there is a supermarket.**
2. **There used to be a cinema, but now there is a car park.**
3. **There used to be a bookshop, but now there is a phone shop.**
4. **No, there didn't.** (Dans les questions, on écrit *use to* sans -d.)
5. **Yes, there did.**
6. Exemple de réponse : **People used to buy their books in a bookshop.**

Correction de l'exercice 15 : Réagir à une situation

Exemples de réponses :

1. Vignette 1 : **He isn't used to getting up at six.** (*be used to* + -ing)
2. Vignette 2 : **He is getting used to the rain.** (*get used to* : adaptation en cours)
3. Vignette 3 : **He used to live in the countryside.** (*used to* + base verbale)

D'autres combinaisons sont possibles, par exemple : *He is getting used to getting up early* ; *He isn't used to the rain yet*.

Correction de l'exercice 16 : Synonymes d'une expression

1. He **is used to** the cold.
2. They **are getting used to** their new neighbours.
3. I'm not **used to** speaking in public.
4. After a while, we **got used to** the silence.
5. Are you **used to** driving at night?
6. It takes time to **get used to** a new school.

Règle : *be accustomed to* = *be used to* (état) ; *become / grow accustomed to* = *get used to* (changement).

Correction de l'exercice 17 : Remettre les mots dans l'ordre

1. **We used to live in Paris.**
2. **She is getting used to the noise.**
3. **My dad didn't use to cook.**
4. **Are you used to this climate?**

5. **I never got used to getting up early.**

6. **Did there use to be a library here?**

Pièges : après *didn't / did*, on écrit *use to* sans -d ; après *used to* préposition, le verbe est en -ing.

Correction de l'exercice 18 : Un dialogue en famille

1. **didn't have** (ou *didn't use to have*)
2. **would play** (ou *used to play*) – habitude passée.
3. **was used to** – elle en avait l'habitude.
4. **get used** – après *to* d'infinitif : *to get used to*.
5. **watching** – *to* est ici une préposition, donc -ing.

Correction de l'exercice 19 : Est-il toujours difficile de s'adapter ?

Exemple de réponse :

I don't think it is always difficult to get used to change. At first, everything feels strange. When my family moved to a new city, I wasn't used to the noise and the crowds, and I used to feel homesick. However, after a few weeks I was getting used to my new school, and I made friends quickly. Of course, some people need more time than others. All in all, change is hard at the beginning, but most of us adapt faster than we expect.

Correction de l'exercice 20 : Une lettre d'expatrié

Exemple de réponse :

Dear Emma,

I've been in Canada for three months now, and I'm writing to tell you how I'm getting on. In France, I used to walk to school with my friends, but here I take a yellow bus every morning. I'm not used to the cold yet: it was minus twenty last week! I'm also getting used to eating dinner at six o'clock, which is much earlier than at home. The food is different too. I used to hate peanut butter, but now I quite like it. My classmates are friendly, and I'm slowly getting used to speaking English all day. I miss you a lot!

Love,

Alice

Comment progresser après ce corrigé

Si vous avez mélangé base verbale et V-ing, reprenez le test du cours : *be* ou *get* devant *used to* signifie que *to* est une préposition. Racontez ensuite à l'oral un souvenir d'enfance en alternant *used to* et *would*, puis décrivez une adaptation récente avec *get used to* : ce trio est très apprécié dans les sujets d'expression sur le changement ou la mémoire.

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